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ALBERTA PROVINCIAL
NOV

# STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME FOUR. STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, NOV. 1, 1923 WHOLE NUMBER 170

YOU NEED

**Warmth and Light**

THIS WINTER.

A Coleman GAS LAMP brightens your HOME and saves your EYES.

A Coleman GAS LANTERN lights your YARD and BARN.

They cost very little to run, are absolutely SAFE, and give you the light of twenty lamps or lanterns.

They cost just about the same to run as the ordinary lamp or lantern.

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**C. W. ROSSELL.**

### List of Enumerators.

Following is a list of the Enumerators for Stony Plain Constituency:

1. P. S. Kelly, Edmonton, R. R.
2. J. H. Aitkem, Winterburn.
3. J. J. Hadley, Winterburn.
4. A. B. Agar, Edmonton, R. R.
5. E. Fleming, Woodbend.
6. G. V. Lindsay, Leasowe.
7. J. A. Leslie, Clymont.
8. J. Finnamore, Winterburn.
9. N. Schermunderund, Spruce Grove.
10. J. Wettlauffer, Spruce Grove.
11. E. J. Willet, Spruce Grove.
12. C. Robertson, Grantidia.
13. C. Gaetshingeon, Golden Spike.
14. V M Hennig, Golden Spike.
15. L. Wudel, Stony Plain.
16. J. McKinlay, Spruce Grove.
17. A Klapper, Stony Plain.
18. G E Martin, Spruce Grove.
19. Adam Wolfe, Stony Plain.
20. R. Winter Sr, Stony Plain.
21. A. G. Ingle, Stony Plain.
22. B W Johnson, Stony Plain.
23. C W McKenna, Stony Plain.
24. M. McKinley, Stony Plain.
25. Mrs I T Propp, Stony Plain.
26. W C Williams, Holborn.
27. P R Scott, Holborn.
28. Charlie Clarke, Stony Plain.
29. J Eatuch, Stony Plain.
30. W J Gurr, Carvel.
31. D H Luckett, Carvel.
32. T E Sharman, Heatherlown.
33. Joseph Best, Duffield.
34. N J Bailey, Duffield.
35. Mrs McDougall, Duffield.
36. Mrs Olsen, Duffield.
37. C Perry, Duffield.
38. Mrs John Heap, Keephills.
39. Mrs Quigg, Highvale.
40. W H Woodman, Keephills.
41. Mrs McDougall-Sr, Burtonville.
42. H S Gooves, Burtonville.
43. Jos Rowlands, Tomahawk.
44. Tom Wood, Sundance.
45. W Maddock, Entwistle.
46. Mrs L Harrison, Tomahwk.
47. Mrs Terry, Tomahawk.
48. M McGinn, Northleigh.
49. A McCall, Rocky Rapids.
50. W J Drake, Drayton Valley.
51. E P Farmer, Drayton Valley.

I can provide you with a Life Assurance Policy to suit your particular needs. R. B. Brooks, local agent for The Sun Life Assurance Co.

### Stony Plain Town Council.

A special meeting of the Town Council was called on Friday evening last, to consider the advisability of leveling a part of the ground at Exhibition Park, for the purpose of a skating rink. The Mayor, and all the councillors were present except Mr Hy Oppertshauser. A resolution carried that the work be done at once. It is understood that in the event of the bylaw to be voted on by the ratepayers on the 9th inst., be carried, that the initial expense be deducted from the amount of the debentures.

It is probable that the Athletic Association will be asked to operate the rink in the event of the bylaw being defeated.

The work was left in the hands of the Road Committee Councillors J Miller and Dr Oalway, supplemented by the services of Councillor Don aldson.

### Tomorrow Night.

Women's Institute big Hallowe'en party in Ducholke's Hall on Friday, Nov. 2, at 8 o'clock. Admission free. Grown-ups from Stony Plain and surrounding districts; pupils from High school and Mr Hollinshead's room, and Women's Institute members and their families are invited. A small charge will be made for the side shows, fortune telling and refreshments.

The following will be the side shows:

Madame Zetta. Fortune Teller.
Freaks.
Art Museum.
King Tuts Tomb.
Black Cat Grill.

Have You Renewed Your Subscription ?

### LOCAL NEWS.

Mr and Mrs Chris Heio left this week, to reside at Hay Lake

A message picked up last night by a local radio station from the SS. Chimpanzee says Wong York is returning to Stony, from Hong Kong.

Messrs M B McColl and Ross Paul, Edmonton, were Sunday visitors to Stony.

Wheat is down to 70c bu.; other grains same as last week.

Wong June, an enterprising Glory Hills farmer, has 2000 cabbages he'd like to find a market for; one head weighing 26½ lbs.

The campaign for the passing of the bylaw to aid the Curling & Skating Club is being conducted very quietly.

Large quantities of live poultry is being shipped at present to the City, in spite of the low price paid.

Those who wish to vote on Nov. 5 should lose no time in seeing that their names are on the voters' list.

Notices have been sent to Deputy Returning Officers that they may phone in free the returns of their polling sub-divisions, to Edmonton, on Monday next.

It had been arranged to start work on Monday last levelling the ground for the new skating rink, but it was found that the frost was too deep to proceed with the work.

Rev A. S. McColl, B. A., principal of Alberta College North, preached an eloquent discourse in the local Methodist church Sunday evening last, touching on the all-important question now before Alberta's voters.

After some evidence had been taken in the case of the alleged shooting of Mr Geo Gubel's horses, before Judge McCarthy, in the Criminal Court in Edmonton last week, an adjournment was made to the January Sessions, owing to the absence of a material witness. Mr Lundy appeared for the defendant.

Altho the threshing season is drawing to a close, Mike Ducholke last week sold and installed two new separator feeders to local men.

It is figured now that the threshing is about 75 per cent finished.

A group of local grainmen has gauged the grain yields of this district for the 1923 season, from personal observation and reports of thresher men, as follows: Oats, about 69 bu. to the acre; barley 46 bu.; wheat 30 bu.

**GET IT at HARDWICK'S.**

+++

The Cold Mornings Make One Think of Warm Clothing of All Kinds.

We have Good Assortments in Mackinaw Coats, Sweaters, Blankets, Sox, Shirts, Winter Footwear, Winter Caps.

HARVESTERS' NEEDS Specially Catered For.

LADIES' NEW FALL HATS
At Our Usual Attractive Prices.

+++

**Get It at HARDWICK'S.**

**One Cent Sale.**

**NOVEMBER 15, 16, 17.**

DON'T FORGET THE DATE.

Clarke's Linseed Licorice and Chlorodyne, for coughs, 50c.

Laxative Cold Tablets for colds, 50c.

Peptonized Iron Tonic with Cod Liver Extract as a Tonic, $1.00

Regesan Fruit Saline, manufactured by Boots Cash Chemists $1.00

Kodaks, Columbia Grafonolas and the latest Records of Fox Trots and Waltzs for sale.

J. F. CLARKE, THE REXALL STORE
STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA.

GET IT AT—

**KELLY'S**

+++

Everything Fresh in the Grocery Line.

Shoes, Caps, Overalls, Gloves.

Service and Satisfaction.

Highest Prices Paid for Butter and Eggs.

Agent for the United Greameries.

**SERVICE GARAGE**

Gasoline, Oils, Tires, Tubes.

Repairs Made to All Kinds of Cars.

Work Guaranteed.

GENUINE FORD PARTS.

GET OUR PRICES ON BATTERIES BEFORE YOU BUY ELSEWHERE.

+++

**Summerfield & Schultz.**

PHONE 40.

# RED ROSE COFFEE

*For particular people*

**Has a sparkling clearness and a smooth richness, for all the chaff and dust is removed by our special process.** 1C



*Bovril makes you feel ten years younger*


## Inequality That Is Wicked

"The difference between the wages of the man who produces food and of the man who builds a house or plasters a wall is so wicked that it ranks as one of the world's greatest inequalities. It is the fundamental trouble in the nation today."

The words quoted are from a United States farm journal in the course of an article on the present depressed state of agriculture in the Western States, especially in the larger wheat growing States.

The Cleveland Trust Company in its "Business Bulletin" declares that the basic fact is that the prices of farm products and of manufactured goods are seriously out of line. In this "Business Bulletin" there is presented a chart illustrating the above concrete and indisputable fact.

Taking the pre-war year 1913 as representing a standard or normal level of 100 it is shown that the price received by the farmer for his products rose during the war and until 1920 when it reached as high as 240 and then declined until in 1923 the figure stands at 120, or only 20 points above the pre-war level.

During this same period the price paid by the farmer for necessities rose from 100 in 1913 to 215 in 1920, but the decline since has only been to 160 in 1923. In other words, while the price received by the farmer for his products has dropped 120 points since 1920, the price the farmer pays for necessities has only dropped 55 points. The result is that instead of the purchasing power of the farmer's dollar being 100 as it was in 1913, or 112 as it was in 1920, it is now only 80. That is to say, prices the farmer must pay for necessities have not deflated proportionately with the prices of what the farmer has to sell.

Under the circumstances it is not altogether surprising that several hundred wheat growers in the State of Washington recently petitioned the President to ask Congress to buy their farms at once, pay their debts, "and allow us to remain on the land and pay us wages, so that we may have some of the comforts of life and all of the necessities."

The figures quoted relate to the United States, but conditions in Western Canada are much the same. At all events, they point a moral for this country. It is just as true in Canada as it is in the United States that the disparity in wages of the man who produces food and of the railway employee who transports it to market, or the man who builds a house, plasters a wall, or does a job of plumbing is "Wicked."

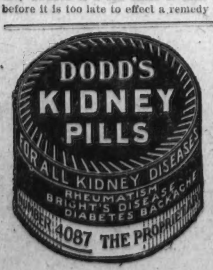
The writer of this column believes in co-operation between Eastern and Western Canada, between farmer and manufacturer, between the farm producer of food and the artizan consumer of it. The writer believes that the interests of Canada, east and west, are not antagonistic; on the contrary he believes they are one and mutual. Generally speaking, the people of the West entertain this latter view. Unfortunately—and the plain truth may just as well be written without any attempt at "pussyfooting"—the people of Eastern Canada do not so regard the West.

The East looks upon the West as a body of spoiled children, a lot of chronic complainers who are never, and can never be, satisfied, and who would wreck all Eastern industry if thereby they could benefit themselves. The East holds the view that it made the West, that but for it there would be nothing in the West, and it continues to regard this section of the Dominion as a sort of preserve, or colony, to be exploited for the benefit of the East.

The Industrial East cares not how high wages it pays its artizans so long as the West is compelled to buy its products at whatever prices it sees fit to ask, and so long as the West is compelled to ship its products to be sold in or through the East at prices which the East is prepared to pay. But the West must not be allowed to ship its own products to European markets by a Hudson Bay route, or to the United States, or even via the Pacific coast except at a distinct disadvantage. Such direct selling by the West would inevitably mean direct buying and direct shipments to the West, and this the East will not for a moment countenance.

The East watches the crop returns from the West with an eagerness that is almost feverish, but the interest, even anxiety, displayed is not because of the effect on the West, but what a good crop will mean for the financial houses, the manufacturers, the middleman, and the highly paid artizans of the East.

People in the East have yet to realize the truth of the old fable. They are steadfastly adhering in purblind selfishness to a course which is killing the goose that lays golden eggs for them. It is to be hoped for their own sakes, and the future of Canada, as well as for the sake of the West, that they awaken to a full sense of their selfishness, their folly, their injustice, before it is too late to effect a remedy which could even yet be easily applied.



### "Little Foxes"

Entertaining and instructive, the wholesome series of short articles appearing in this paper from week to week, under the heading of "Little Foxes," will be found of particular interest to children. Grown-ups as well can read the series with profit.

Family trees are of no use to the lumber dealer.

The best crop of wild oats usually grows on the poorest soil.



### British Fleet In Mediterranean

**Centre of Sea Power Being Slowly Shifted from North Sea and Atlantic**

The striking force of British sea power is being slowly transferred from the North Sea and the Atlantic to the Mediterranean.

The Iron Duke, the former flagship of Admiral Jellicoe, was turned over Oct. 24, as the flagship of Admiral Sir Osmond Brock, commanding the fourth battle squadron which is Britain's Mediterranean fleet. The eighth destroyer flotilla, composed of the older destroyers, have been ordered home from the Mediterranean, and the fourth flotilla containing the newest and most powerful destroyers, has been substituted.

Thus British sea power is relatively higher in the Mediterranean than it has been since the redistribution early in the century. At present, out of seventeen modern battleships, Britain is keeping six in the Mediterranean, out of sixteen new light cruisers six are in the Mediterranean and two destroyer flotillas out of nine are also there.


### Sour Stomach Risings Quickly Relieved

The wonderful comfort and relief you get from even twenty drops of Nerviline will surprise you. Take it in sweetened water; it's not unpleasant. Almost immediately you feel better. Nerviline brings up the gas caused by fermenting food, and at the same time relieves that distressed feeling in the stomach. When colic or cramps strike you at night, when nausea or upset stomach overcome you, then it is that you'll find Nerviline a sure relief. For general use in the family, for emergent ills, always keep Nerviline handy on the shelf. Get a 35c bottle today.


### A Woman Tea-Taster

Mincing Lane, the centre of the London wholesale tea trade, has a woman tea-taster. Young and bobbed-haired, this pretty girl has hundreds of samples of tea to test, and in an incredibly short time gets through the sampling of 30 or 40 cups of tea.


### BABY'S OWN TABLETS ALWAYS KEPT ON HAND

Mrs. Ernest E. Adkins, Brotton, Sask., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets with great success for four years and always keep a box on hand." Thousands of other mothers say the same thing—once they have used the Tablets for their little ones they will use nothing else. Experience shows them that the Tablets are the ideal medicine. They are a mild laxative, thorough in action and never fail to relieve the minor ailments of little ones. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.


Locomotives of the present day are built on exactly the same principles as those built 100 years ago.

Health cannot be looked for in the child that is subject to worms, because worms destroy health by creating internal disturbances that retard development and cause serious weakness. Miller's Worm Powders expel worms and are so beneficial in their action that the systems of the little sufferers are restored to healthfulness, all the discomforts and dangers of worm infection are removed, and satisfactory growth is assured.

### Shared Ignorance

One day Mr. Simpson met a friend in the street. "Hello," said the friend, "I see you are advertised to write an article for one of the papers. I didn't know you could write." Mr. Simpson smiled modestly, "Well," he said, "if it comes to that, I didn't know you could read.—Houston Post.

He (feeling the urge of spring)—What do you say to a tramp in the park?

She.—Why, I never speak to them.


*Now for "BUCKWHEATS"*




Aunt Jemima Prepared Buckwheat Flour. Based on the famous Aunt Jemima recipe with just enough fine buckwheat flour added to give the flavor you long for. Ready-mixed; simply add water (or milk), mix and bake. Try it. At your grocer's in the yellow Aunt Jemima package.


### Not Mobilizing For War

**Russia Explains Classes Called Up for New Territorial Army**

The chiefs of the Moscow military district issued statements to the press declaring that the summoning of six military classes for militia training has no connection with any mobilization for war. The statements were issued in answer to rumors circulated that war was at hand.

The classes of 1902, 1903, said the statements, were called up for only 240 hours of preliminary military training, while the 1898, 1899, 1900 and 1901 classes will merely rehearse briefly the training they have already received. The whole movement is in line with the system creating the new territorial army.


### Corns Between the Toes Painlessly Removed

A real, sure, dependable remedy that has been lifting out corns for the past fifty years will surely lift yours out. Putnam's Corn Extractor is the old reliable corn remedy—it stands the test of time and never fails, 25c everywhere.


### Canada In Enviable Position

**No Reason For Pessimism Says Hon. Ernest Lapointe**

Canadians should pledge themselves to the task of shattering sectional barriers and silencing the apostles of pessimism to the end that Canada may arise from the present period of trial a thoroughgoing nation, united and confident, Hon. Ernest Lapointe, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, declared in Victoria at a public meeting.

The minister pointed out that Canada was the only country that had participated in the whole war whose money was at par and that there could be no pessimistic talk when a nation was so fully charged with the vigor of youth as Canada.

"I ask you, have we reason to despair," he asked. "Eighty per cent. of Canada's national debt is owed to our own citizens. A few years ago most of our borrowings were from other nations, but that time has definitely passed. Why should there be 'whispers of death' when there is no death, only the vigor of youth?"

Riches may have wings, but they don't seem to have any tail that one can put salt on.






### Manitoba Phones Show Surplus

**Expect Total Profit of $35,000 for the Year**

With a net surplus for the first nine months' operation of the current fiscal year of more than $22,000, a total profit for the year of not less than $35,000 is forecasted by the Manitoba Government Telephones. This will be an increase of $3,000 over the past year and a marked change in the condition of the system as it was in 1921 when there was a large deficit, the improvement amounting to $573,000.


### Mother! Give Sick Child "California Fig Syrup"

**Harmless Laxative for a Bilious, Constipated Baby or Child**



Constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates it sweetens the bowels so nicely, the tender little stomach and liver and bowels acting starts without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.


### Import Pure-Bred Stock

Federal and Provincial Departments of Agriculture co-operated in the purchase in the British Isles of a large stock of horses, swine and sheep, including sheep owned by His Majesty the King, which arrived in Montreal recently. This is the second shipment of cattle to Canada through the co-operation of the agricultural departments with sheep and swine breeders throughout the Dominion.


## CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

**Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages**

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*



*Everywhere*

# BRIER

*The Tobacco with a heart*

77

# Power Of Turkish Empire Has Been Much Reduced As Result Of Late War

Turkey as a republic, with its capital at Angora, not at Constantinople, will take its place as a distinctly Asiatic, not a European, power. Over five hundred years have passed since the Turk crossed the Bosphorus and carried his conquering arms to the gates of Vienna, which withstood a furious siege for eighteen days, baffling Suleyman the Magnificent, who abandoned the enterprise in disgust. That marked the highwater mark of the Mosiem advance, though the Turkish dream of a great European empire took some time to dissipate. In 1682 Kara Mustafa again invaded Austria at the head of 400,000 men and again laid siege to Vienna, only to meet total defeat at the hands of Duke Charles of Lorraine, and John Sobieski, King of Poland. Then it was that the Turk lost his grip on Hungary, and in later years Rumania escaped from his thraldom. In 1879 the Russo-Turkish war deprived him of Bulgaria and Rumelia, establishing also the independence of Serbia and Montenegro and the Austrian protectorate over Herzegovina. All these latter once Turkish possessions are now included in the new state of Jugo-Slavia.

The Balkan wars of 1912-1913 stripped the Turk of still more of his European territory. The Albanians obtained their independence, the Balkan allies stripped him of Macedonia and Novi Bazar, and Greece and Bulgaria secured the whole of Thrace. When the Turk took stock of what was left to him in Europe, he found it consisted only of Constantinople and about 200 square miles of the tip of the Balkan peninsula. By the Sevres treaty after the Great War he was given only the northern shore of the Turkish Straits, Constantinople was withdrawn from his rule, and his power over the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles practically nullified. The Lausanne treaty restored to him Eastern Thrace and Adrianople, these, with the shores of the straits, remaining the sole remnants of his once far extended European territory. Even more significant is the loss in population. Before the World War, Turkey had about 20,000,000 people. The Turk now estimates his number at 8,000,000, but it is doubtful if a correct census would show 5,000,000, for Greeks and Bulgarians were driven from Asia Minor and from Thrace, and the Armenians are but a fraction of their former figure. Thus, for the first time in centuries, Turkey is a homogeneous state, and time alone can show whether the Turk has profited by his vicissitudes. At any rate, he will be much more easily handled and has far less power of mischief.

## Settlers From Esthonia

**Former Russian Admiral Looking Over Western Lands for Purpose of Colonization**

Rear-Admiral John Pitka (retired) of the Esthonian navy, formerly of the Imperial Russian navy, is visiting Canada in connection with the immigration of a number of Esthonian farmers. Today he called at the Department of Immigration and Colonization to discuss the coming, as soon as possible, of 100 farmers, who have capital, with their families from Esthonia.

The principal purpose of Admiral Pitka's visit is to get information as to what part of the Dominion he considers it would be best for these families to settle in. If they are satisfied with conditions in this country, it would mean that many more families would follow. Esthonia, which is one of the new Baltic states formed during the war out of part of the old Russian empire, is chiefly an agricultural country.

Admiral Pitka has a farm near Reval, the capital of Esthonia. He intends to spend six weeks looking over settlement prospects in Western Canada.

Teacher of Hygiene.—"Why must we always be careful to keep our homes clean and neat?"

Little Girl.—"Because company may walk in at any moment."

Prayers are held every morning in a mine shaft near Duquoin, Ill.



## Canadian Doctor Praised

**English Surgeon Says World Owes Dr. Banting Gratitude**

"Nobody could be too grateful for having in our dominions a man who has been such a help to mankind."

These words, used by the eminent physician, Sir Robert Armstrong Jones, when lecturing on the subject of diabetes, at Gresham College, referred to Dr. F. G. Banting, of Toronto, discoverer of the insulin treatment for diabetes.

Illustrating the popular vulnerability of the intelligent classes to diabetes the lecturer pointed out that as many cases occurred among the "upper ten" as among the "lower hundred thousand." The disease attacked men more than women and Jews more than Gentiles. It was very common in India and Englishmen who lived long, there were very liable to attack.

### A Cinch

It shouldn't be so very hard to bear other people's burdens—they are always so much lighter than ours.

No doubt man would like salad and lettuce sandwiches if they had to do the cooking.

## The Toll of War

**When Will Humanity Free Itself From This Lamentable Folly?**

Eight billions of dollars was the public debt of Europe in 1816. In 1913, a year before the war, it had risen to 38 billions. During 97 years—1816 to 1913—the wars of Europe cost 1814 million dollars. The cost of the Great War was 200 billions, or more than six times the cost of all the wars of the previous 120 years. The whole world during 120 years spent less for war than did the British Empire alone during the Great War.

In the Nineteenth Century, which may be extended a few years to take in the Napoleonic wars from 1792 to 1815, the total loss of life was 4,500,000. During the Great War it was 12,991,000. Lamentable, isn't it, that humanity cannot free itself from such damnable folly?—The Ottawa Journal.

### Livestock in B.C.

The value of all livestock in the province of British Columbia in 1921 was $23,009,293, compared with $14,186,000 ten years earlier, according to a report of the Bureau of Statistics. Animal products, including milk, butter, cheese, eggs, wool, honey and wax increased in the decennial period 1910-1920 from $3,678,433 to $10,392,027.

During recent tests an ant carried a pellet of shot 800 times its own weight.

It's estimated there are 15,000,000 automobiles in the world, 12,000,000 of them in America.

# Port Of Vancouver Has Great Possibilities As Outlet For Western Canada's Grain

## Increase In Canada's Exports

**Dominion Takes Third Place in Proportion to Population**

In proportion of her population, Canada stands third among the nations of the world in her export trade, according to statistics amassed by the department of trade and commerce. Canada's export trade in 1922 on a per capita basis, stood at $100.63, with only New Zealand and Australia showing a higher percentage. The higher per capita trade of the United Kingdom during the same period was $69.36 and in the United States $34.39. In 1913 Canada ranked seventh among the nations in per capita export trade with only $57.95. With its total exports during 1922 at $884,363,000, an increase of $443,145,000 over its exports in 1913 Canada has jumped from tenth to fifth position among the large exporting nations of the world.

In the percentage of increase on exports from 1913 to 1922, Canada takes second place, only yielding first place to Japan by a narrow margin. Canada's increase was 103 per cent.

We are frequently told that man in the early ages lived a life of simplicity and innocence—yet the first man born killed the second.

"As an all-year port, and an all-the-world port, Vancouver has tremendous possibilities," said Alexander Johnston, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, on his return to Ottawa from a three weeks' visit of inspection of departmental works on the Pacific coast. "You can see vessels in that harbor from almost every country in the world, and many of them are coming ballast to take away Canada's products, principally grain. The Panama Canal has been a big factor in increasing the trade in and out of Vancouver, and will continue to do so at a surprising rate."

As a port from which Canada's grain can be shipped, Mr. Johnston also sees a great future. At present the grain handling facilities are limited. One elevator now in operation has a capacity of 1,250,000 bushels, and when the addition to this is completed this fall, that capacity will be doubled. Next year will see the completion of the Government elevator, which will add 1,500,000 bushels to the grain handling capacity.

"It must be remembered in this connection," added Mr. Johnston, "that Vancouver is a 12-months port, and this grain movement need experience no interruption throughout the year. With a reduction in freight rates, as ordered recently by the Dominion Railway Board, the movement of grain through the Pacific port, which is really the logical outlet for the product of at least the western half of the prairie provinces, must grow to large proportions. Then, may be expected the speedy expansion of a comparatively new industry in Vancouver, that of milling."

## Historic Records For Canada

**Brother of Late Lord Northcliffe Presents Invaluable Collection to Government**

Sir Leicester Harmsworth, in memory of his brother, the late Lord Northcliffe, has presented the Canadian Government with his collection of letters, diaries and manuscripts, including the celebrated Moncton papers with Wolfe's original letters and orders.

The Times, in announcing the gift, describes it of inestimable historic importance, and a veritable treasure house of information of a dramatic period in Canada's history. The Times says in this connection: "The people of Canada are rightly proud of their romantic history, in which are blended the courage and enterprise of two great nations. They assuredly will be grateful for the gift, which is not only a priceless record of the brave days that have gone, but a living inspiration to generations yet to come."

## Social Service

**The Spirit Which Animates Those Who Work For the Good of Society**

The teaching and practice of social service in all countries is gradually progressing towards a common ideal. International congresses can only hasten this desirable event. The latest conference left in the minds of those who attended it an encouraging recollection. It is splendid to review, as one does in great conferences, the victories won over human suffering, the hopes which, on one ground or another, we build for the future. It is splendid to take into account the number of those who work for the good of society, of the esprit de corps which animates them and through them permeates all ranks of the social commonwealth.—L'Evenement.

### Lettering Of Flour Sacks

To remove the printing soak the sack in cold water, then boil with the ordinary wash. To bleach sacks in summer place them on the grass wet from the boiling water, and sprinkle each day until sufficiently white. In winter the frost takes the place of sprinkling, and the sacks can be left out on the line until white.

A man isn't necessarily athletic because he jumps to conclusions.

Do something for somebody, and do it now.

# The Lure of the Far East



1, 2 and, 3 Scenes in and around Canton. 4, Clepsydra. 5, The country man brings his wares to town and 6, the noble Chinee takes his bird for anairing.

The closing quarter of the eighteenth century, when British and other European ships began to trade regularly at Canton and return to their home ports laden with the rich and strange produce of Southern China, marks the genesis of that interest in the Flowery Land which is universal today. With the facilities for travel now existent, this vast and ancient seat of civilization—Chung Hwa Kwoh (Middle Flowery Kingdom) as the Chinese proudly designate the nucleus of their Empire—is everyday brought nearer to us.

Over many, the "Gorgeous East" has cast such a spell as to have resolved itself into a lure—the veritable "lure of the East."

From among its many great cities Canton is one of the cynosures. No foreigner who visits China will, if he can help it, miss going there.

If a stranger in Canton, it is advisable to repair to one of the hotels there. You can then hire a guide to take you through the city and suburbs. In doing this you will require a chair—a sedan—to carry you between lengthy points, as most of your sight-seeing will be done on foot. Much of what you will see will be a surprise to you, while the numerous industries operated before you will "give you furiously to think."

While in the city ask your "gui," as the guides call their vocation in their "pidgin-English," to take you to Thirteenth Street, which is the site of the East India Company's "Factories" where the early European merchants vegetated in the latter years of the eighteenth century. They were, virtually, prisoners.

The guide will also lead you to the Sheung Men Tai, where there is a clepsydra over one of the gates. This wonderful water-clock is almost as old as the city—2,000 years.

Visits should also be made to the famous Fati Gardens, Ling-nam, Pak-hak-tung, Fong-suen and Honam. The views and scenery on the Canton River itself, and on its tributaries are magnificent.

The Shameen is a pleasing oasis; oasis in the sense of being a small aylvan patch on the riverside where foreigners only reside, and the larger portion of which is the British Concession.

A minor part of the whole was allotted to France. No Chinese are allowed to live on the Shameen. A canal separates the Concessions from the Chinese quarter with which it is connected by a few drawbridges.

## NOSE COLDS QUICKLY STOPPED



A neglected cold is the open gateway to Consumption.

To quickly stop a cold, the best way is to clear the air passages of the nose and throat; free them of germs, and let the healing vapor of CATARRHOZONE do the rest.

One breath of CATARRHOZONE brings instant relief. Your suffering stops. Hoarseness is relieved, throat and nose are cleared. Inflamed bronchial tubes are healed, all danger of Catarrh is prevented.

Carry CATARRHOZONE-Inhaler in your purse, in your vest pocket, and use it when the first shiver or sneeze comes. Complete outfit, One Dollar, small size 50c. At all druggists. Refuse a substitute. By mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.



## OPENING DOORS

— BY —

ELINOR MARSDEN ELIOT

Author of "My Canada," and Other Stories

Published by Special Arrangement with the Author


(Continued)

Teddy was not much older than the twins as he made his reply.

"You and Margaret Anne have been so awfully good to me," he said, and if he had not been so big I should have said there were tears not far off. "It's hard telling where I'd have been by now if you hadn't got me out of that hole—making little rocks out of big ones, perhaps. And you might let me pay you back in the only way I can. You are not fit to go off there alone," stubbornly, "and what would Margaret Anne and the kids do if you got sick again?"

Poor Teddy, he had blundered into the last thing he would have said could he have known how it hurt Murray.

I jumped into the breach.

"Margaret Anne and the kids would send for Uncle Teddy at once, of course," I said. "You are a darling, Teddy, and I'd like to kiss you if you don't mind, but Murray and I are going to live like hermits until next spring and we'll get along beautifully."

"That's right," added Murray, "with his arm across the lad's shoulders. "We appreciate your offer, but it would not be fair to you for us to accept it. We'll pull through safely enough, and if anything should go wrong we'll call on you."

Murray came home from Herrington's Hope in very good spirits, and with the papers ready for signature.

"It is better than I expected," he told me. "Rather rough, of course, but one of the prettiest places I've ever seen in Manitoba. The house can be made quite comfortable, and everything about the place is good so far as it goes. It is really a bargain for us, but we do not need to feel that we are taking advantage of Herrington, it is only from people in our exact circumstances that he could expect to get what he wants. There is a nice little field of oats and one of wheat, both of which he has sold standing to one of the neighbors, and he has cut some hay. And I made a sort of half-bargain with Gagnon to clear another twenty-five acres during the winter. With any sort of luck we should be able to meet next year's payment without drawing on our bank balance."

Two weeks later we set out for our new home.

It is doubtful if I shall ever again spend two such busy weeks. The least of our worries was the sub-letting of our cottage. Then came the deciding as to what furniture we could take with us. Murray, more practical than Mr. Herrington, had measured the house, and I knew the size and shape of the rooms, and the location of doors and windows. We sold some of our newer things to the people who rented the cottage, but Mother's furniture I could not part with, nor could I take all of it with me. The piano we decided that we must have, the sewing machine, all our silver and china and pictures, Father's bookcase and all our books, one or two odd chairs and the living-room couch. These things, with the bedroom furniture and a Carron stove we had picked up for next to nothing, were what we felt we could not do without, though had we known then as much about freight rates as we know now we should probably have cut our list somewhat. In the end the Robertsons offered to keep the things I would not sell—a lovely old walnut davenport, an oval table, an old-fashioned bureau and "chest of drawers," and my electric lamp and iron and toaster. It was only when I began to pack that I realized how much I had accumulated in the few years I had been housekeeping.

We moved out of our cottage on the 15th of August, spent the night at Maudie's, and left for Herrington's Hope the next morning, Teddy coming with us for his two weeks' holiday.

Since August of 1914 I have hated trains and railway stations, haunted as they are by the sad partings and sometimes sadder reunions of the bitter years of the war. The morning of our departure for Spruce Creek was bright and sunny, the children and Teddy were in picnic mood, and Murray, though tired and very quiet, seemed reasonably content. As for me, I felt as if the world had come to an end, we might be bound for Heaven ,but for the moment no place seemed quite so desirable as Winnipeg. In spite of the early hour we had a large crowd to see us off, the Robertsons, Maudie and her mother and B. F., Mrs. Stevenson, and several of the men from the office. Of course it was Mrs. Stevenson who reminded me of the day when Murray and I had gone East.

"Who'd have thought then that you would be starting out as you are today?" she asked with a sigh.

That woman always has a tonic effect on me, stirs all the fighting spirit I have.

Our train was a "three times a week, mixed." We found seats across the aisle from two nuns who were going to St. Laurent, and whose sweet faces made me ashamed of myself—if they could look like that when they had neither Murray nor the twins, I told myself, I should be positively hilarious.

Our efforts to talk to each other were not very successful, their English and my French being equally lacking both in quality and quantity. But they made me understand that they admired the children, while I was able to tell them that we were moving to a farm because Murray had been ill.

The prettiest Sister nodded her head sympathetically.

"He a ver' brave soldier?" she asked —but I cannot write it as she said it. "And in my country he fight? The good God He surely bless the Canadians."

And then she told me in mixed French and English that her home was near Mons, and I think what she meant me to understand was that all the men of her family had been killed except her old father, and that he had lived long enough to welcome the army that freed the city from the Boche.

"When I see the little button," she finished, "I think of our old men and women and the little children, and I pray one prayer for the brave Canadian."

Murray would have been covered with confusion had he heard her. But he and Teddy were both with us at the time, they having found a man they knew in the next coach, an appraiser for a Land Company—and, as Teddy explained to me, they had "pumped him for all he was worth" about the district to which we were going.

Our train was not an express and we were not due to reach Spruce Creek until five o'clock in the afternoon. And at that we were two hours late, so it was after seven when, tired and stiff and hungry, we found ourselves at our destination. It was too late to leave for the farm that night, even had our freight come, so we put up in the really very comfortable hotel. And after a supper to which the children at least did full justice we went for a walk about the town.

Like the "boosters" who form the greater part of the population of every Western town we are prepared to believe that Spruce Creek will eventually become an important place, but I must admit that my first impression of it was not a very favorable one.

Murray was more optimistic.

"Did you notice that there is only one elevator?" he asked, "and that to take the place of the others there is a sawmill and a creamery? This is going to be the centre of a fine mixed farming district, more like the towns we have in the East, and a very good thing it is too. With Winnipeg so close, and some sort of co-operative system of marketing put into operation, a big dairy and meat and poultry business might be done here in time."

There were two stores in Spruce Creek, one large and one small. The larger did an old-fashioned trading business and the owner of it, David Wilson, was part owner of the creamery. We met him the next morning and I put him down as shrewd and honest, but not very kindly. He had a finger in everything in the district and everyone respected and trusted him, though few seemed really to like him. He sold everything from farm machinery to gramophone needles and talcum powder, and in return would accept cash or produce—butter and eggs, poultry, meat, hides or cordwood. I had heard Mother speak of men in Winnipeg who had laid the foundations of their wealth in the same way in the early days, and so I found Mr. Wilson an interesting type, though I hoped that we should never be in his debt. Mrs. Wilson, I found when I met her some time later, was a quiet, hard-working woman who lived plainly, dressed plainly, and deferred to her husband in everything. They had no children.

"RIPSTEIN'S CASH EMPORIUM," which might have been lifted bodily from North Main Street, was the second general store. The school, a small sawmill, the bank and a Chinese restaurant, completed the business section.

As to residences, the Wilsons had a large house next to the store, and the teacher and the bank manager lived with them. The Ripsteins, Papa and Mama, and three Hebrew cherubs, lived in rooms above their store. The blacksmith with his wife and family had a cottage near the station, and the Wrights, who owned the mill, a well-filled house near the outskirts of the village—the Wright family numbered eight. The station agent and his wife and the section foreman and his wife and family were provided for in the usual way—the Kristiansens too had seven or eight children. The telegraph operator, a young Scotchman, who was everything in the bank but manager, Wilson's clerks and two men from the mill were permanent residents at the hotel, where there was usually a floating population of three or four "drummers," insurance agents, and the like.

The "Boiling House" had begun as a "stopping place" when Spruce Creek was the end of the line, but now it is a well-kept and quite home-like two-storey building, known for miles around. Mr. and Mrs. Boiling are also of the type predestined to success, but much more popular than the Wilsons. It is said of them that they never turned an honest hard-working man away because he could not pay. Of their four children the two eldest boys are farming a few miles west of Spruce Creek, the one daughter, Ethel, is in Winnipeg going to school, and the "baby" Jack, is at home.

Of course I did not get all this information during my first evening in Spruce Creek. What I have just written is the accumulation of many months. That evening I saw little but a crude and ugly village inhabited by strangers. But Murray was interested in all that we saw, and as we walked back to the hotel the kindly twilight blurred the harsh lines of the little town, and cast over it the wonderful and unpaintable violet glamour of a Northern nightfall.

CHAPTER ELEVEN

We set out for Herrington's Hope at eleven o'clock the next morn.

Mr. Herrington had driven in from the farm the day before, and we said good-bye to him at the station before we set out on our six-mile journey.

"You'll let me know how you get on," he said. "I don't know but that I'll be back some day, now that I've pulled up stakes I feel rather badly about leaving."

I think Murray and I both felt a little blue as we watched the train pull out. But we had little time to indulge our feelings, for as we turned around we discovered that the twins were nowhere to be seen. Mother-like, I saw them stowed away on the train, drowned in the creek, or lost in the bush that grew close to the town. They had not been missing for more than five minutes, but Nicolas could go a long way in that time and where she led Rupert would follow in his more leisurely manner.

My fears were groundless, as we soon discovered our five-year-olds hanging, literally by a thread, over the Kristiansen's picket fence, and trying to carry on a conversation with three or four tow-headed and stolid young Swedes.

"We've come from Winnipeg," Nicolas was explaining as I came up to them. "And we are going to have a farm that Mr. Herrington made. Has your Daddy got horses and pigs and chickens?"

(To be continued)


## HELP FOR YOUNG WOMEN

### Mrs. Holmberg Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her

Viking, Alta.—"From the time I was 15 years old I would get such sick feelings in the lower part of my abdomen, followed by cramps and vomiting. This kept me from my work (I help my parents on the farm) as I usually had to go to bed for the rest of the day. Or at times I would have to walk the floor. I suffered in this way until a friend induced me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I have had very satisfactory results so far and am recommending the Vegetable Compound to my friends. I surely am glad I tried it for I feel like a different person now that I don't have these troubles."—Mrs. ODELIA HOLMBERG, Box 93, Viking, Alta.

Letters like this establish the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. They tell of the relief from such pains and ailments after taking it.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and today holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills in this country, and thousands of voluntary testimonials prove this fact.

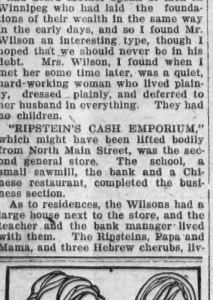
If you doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for Mrs. Pinkham's private text-book and learn more about it. C


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Daily use of the Soap keeps the skin fresh and clear, while touches of the Ointment now and then prevent little skin troubles becoming serious. Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.



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Genuine

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

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Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."


A process whereby coal can be dissolved has been developed by a French chemist, according to an announcement made at a recent meeting of the Paris Society of the Chemical Industries.


Use MURINE NIGHT & MORNING & KEEP YOUR EYES CLEAN CLEAR AND HEALTHY



WRITE FOR FREE EYE CARE BOOK. MURINE CO. CHICAGO, U.S.A.

# CONFERENCE ON IMMIGRATION TO BE CALLED SOON

Ottawa.—A conference on immigration between officials of the Dominion and of the different provincial governments is to be called for about the middle of November, said Hon. J. A. Robb, Minister of Immigration.

Mr. Robb said he wished by this conference to get the opinion of authorities all over the dominion as to how many immigrants can be placed, and in which districts. He will thus be able to direct the flow of immigration next year to the best advantage. Representatives of the shipping companies will also be invited to attend the conference, with a view to discussing transportation rates.

The minister also referred to a recent criticism by General Bramwell Booth, of the Salvation Army in London, to the effect that British authorities in the dominions were not co-operating to the best effect with a view to British emigration. F. C. Blair, of the Canadian Department of Immigration, said Mr. Robb, is at present in London working out plans for next season's activity. Mr. Blair, he said, is not only in touch with the British governmental officials, but also with representatives of the many societies over there who are interested in the question of relieving British unemployment by emigration.

## Delorme Trial

**Chief Justice Lemieux May Again Be Presiding Judge**

Montreal.—November 19 is the date tentatively set for the second trial of Rev. Father Adelard Delorme on a charge of having murdered his half-brother, Raoul. The trial will be in the Court of King's Bench here.

Nothing has yet been decided regarding a presiding judge for the trial, but it is thought that Chief Justice Sir Francois Lemieux, who presided over the last trial of the priest, will again occupy the bench.

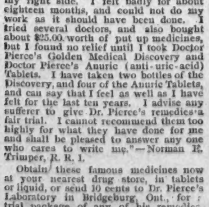
**Mild Weather In Yukon**

Dawson, Y.T. — Unusually mild weather continues in the Yukon which for the first time in its recorded history continues autumn activities in late October and enjoys unhampered navigation down the Yukon River. Gold dredging operations continue and there is no sign yet of a freeze-up.

**Troop Train Attacked**

Tetuan, Morocco.—A troop train carrying 100 French army engineers, was ambushed by Moroccan rebels who were concealed in a ravine along the track. Six soldiers were killed and 11 wounded.


NORMAN E. TRIMPER



THIS MAN TELLS YOU HOW TO KEEP FIT!

Bear River, N. S.—"My back was so bad I could hardly work. I was always tired out and had no ambition; was nervous and dizzy, and everything seemed to worry me. I also had terrible pains in my right side. I felt badly for about eighteen months, and could not do my work as it should have been done. I tried several doctors, and also bought about $25.00 worth of put up medicines, but I found no relief until I took Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Doctor Pierce's Anuric (anti-uric-acid) Tablets. I have taken two bottles of the Discovery, and four of the Anuric Tablets, and can say that I feel as well as I have felt for the last ten years. I advise any sufferer to give Dr. Pierce's remedies a fair trial. I cannot recommend them too highly for what they have done for me and shall be pleased to answer any one who cares to write me."—Norman E. Trimper, R. R. 1.

Obtain these famous medicines now at your nearest drug store, in tablets or liquid, or send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for trial package of any of his remedies. Write Doctor Pierce, President Invalids Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., if you desire free medical advice.


W. N. U. 1496

## France Not Supporting The Separatist Movement

Paris.—There is absolutely no foundation for the assertion made by former Premier Lloyd George, as quoted in a message received from the United States that French money was behind the Rhineland separatist movement, it was said at the French Foreign Office here. The French Government is waiting for it to be determined whether the movement is popular and sincere.

Meanwhile French troops had been directed to do only one thing, and that was to maintain order. When violence occurs, the troops will intervene to restore order whether the trouble is caused by the separatists or loyalists.

## New Sales Tax In Force January 1

**Department of Customs and Excise Completes Regulations**

Ottawa.—The regulations for the collection of the new 6 per-cent. sales tax have now been completed by the Department of Customs and Excise. The new regulations come into force on January 1.

The purpose of the new sales law and regulations is to collect the tax at the source instead of having a series of smaller taxes collected on each sale as at present. It is also provided that a similar tax of 6 per cent. is payable on imported goods.

This tax is to be collected through licensed manufacturers and licensed wholesalers and jobbers. Every manufacturer who produces goods to the value of more than $10,000 per year must take out a license; and a manufacturer producing less than that must take out a license if more than one-third of the value of the goods used in the manufacture of the goods is otherwise exempt from the tax.

**Movement of Ontario Grain**

Toronto.—According to the weekly report issued by the Ontario Department of agriculture, very little grain is moving to market at present. There is a wide variation in the prices quoted for hay, from $6 to $20 per ton. Labor is still very scarce, much more so than usual at this time of the year.

Vancouver.—While loading a steamer, W. E. Frost was fatally injured and died later. Frost is one of the Britishers who worked on the prairie harvest fields this summer and recently came to Vancouver from Calgary. He is said to have a wife and family in England.

## WESTERN EDITORS



Sidney Godwin, Editor and Proprietor of The Observer, Burns Lake, B.C.

## Bribes Refused By Railway Conductors

**People Guilty of Criminal Offense Must Be Punished**

Winnipeg.—Severe lessons are being taught some of the travelling public on Canadian Pacific trains. Railway conductors are apparently becoming tired of being looked upon as willing to defraud the company by accepting fares at less than tariff rates, and during the past two weeks have reported to the police authorities instances of attempted bribery on the part of patrons of the railway. In Police court a Winnipeg magistrate declared that he was reluctant to punish severly on a first offense when a man of foreign nationality was arraigned on complaint of the passenger train conductor of the Arborg line, and remarked that in his opinion these poor foreigners have been educated to this practice by the native Canadians. R. A. Bonner, K.C., representing the prosecution, agreed with the magistrate, but remarked that the conductors must be protected and that bribery of conductors is a criminal offense, and that the company intended to follow this procedure over the entire system.

**Marshall Will Consider Offer**

London.—The Canadian Press correspondent saw Hon. Duncan Marshall with reference to his reported acceptance of the position of Liberal organizer for the Dominion.

Mr. Marshall said: "When the offer is made to me I will discuss it. At present I am busy here with the cattle embargo."

## Railways Load More Grain Than Last Year

Winnipeg.—Topping the 100,000 mark, cars of grain loaded by the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways since the commencement of the crop year, September 1, have aggregated 104,526 compared with 97,548 cars handled during the corresponding period last season. The loadings represented 144,956,960 bushels against 135,243,422 bushels last year. For Oct. 23 loadings aggregated 2,829 cars compared with 2,405 October 23, 1922. Marketings totalled 4,692,167 bushels against 3,517,732.

## First Place Won By 31st Battery

**Results of Competition Issued By Department of National Defence**

Ottawa.—The 31st Battery, Vancouver, won the general efficiency competition, carrying with it the Governor-General's and the Earl of Stradbrook's cups in the field artillery competitions staged this past summer under auspices of the Artillery Association of Canada. Results of the competition were issued by the Department of National Defence.

The 34th Battery, of Belleville, Ont., took second place in the competition, winning the Lansdowne Cup. Other prize winners in the field artillery class in class of points were: 17th Battery ,Winnipeg; 61st Battery, Edmonton; 13th Battery, Winnipeg; 20th Battery, Guelph; 40th Battery, Hamilton; 11th Battery, Hamilton; 90th Battery, Newcastle, N.B.; 80th Battery, Moncton; 85th Battery, Vancouver; 38th Battery, Winnipeg; and the 68th Battery, Vancouver.

## New Zealand Farmer Not Raising Beef

**Exports Dropped Off Through Keen Competition of Argentine**

London.—The keen competition of Argentine in her exportation of beef to the United Kingdom, has resulted in the New Zealand farmer taking to the fattening of lambs or to the production of butter and cheese, rather than beef raising, according to Premier Massey, who addressed the Australian and New Zealand luncheon club.

Mr. Massey cited figures showing that in 1922, South America furnished the United Kingdom with 5,137,835 quarters of beef, while New Zealand's exports fell to 267,520 quarters, as against 629,852 the year before.

## Turkish Embassy to Re-open

**Building in London Has Been Closed Since 1914**

London.—It is expected that the Turkish embassy which has been closed since 1914 will be reopened soon. The embassy, which is in Portland Place, presents a grimy exterior for it has remained untouched all these years. A solitary caretaker has been in charge of the building and he stated that the furniture was just as it had been left in 1914. He complained that he had been without wages for months but he explained his little account would be satisfactorily settled.

"No, we have had no burglars. There is nothing here to steal," he concluded.

## GERMANY ASKS FOR A HEARING ON REPARATIONS

Paris.—Germany's formal application for a hearing before the reparations commission on the subject of her capacity to pay is considered in authoritative circles as having brought the whole reparation problem to a new crisis. The German request was contained in a note presented to the commission.

It is anticipated that it will bring up an issue between the French delegates on one side, and the British, Belgium and Italian representatives on the other, the three latter being known to favor a hearing for the Germans. The British and Italians have been inclined in this direction for some time, and the Belgians are now said to believe that the time has come when the Germans should be allowed to state their case.

## McMurray Is Elected

**Wins By-Election in North Winnipeg Federal Constituency**

Winnipeg.—The electors of North Winnipeg federal constituency reaffirmed their allegiance to Hon. E. J. McMurray in the by-election necessitated by his recent elevation to the Mackenzie King cabinet as solicitor-general. So heartily was the minister's appointment endorsed that the deposits of Paul Gigejczuk, Independent, and J. A. Martin, Labor candidate without affiliation, were swept away in the landslide and the deposits of Alderman A. A. Heaps, nominee of the Independent Labor party, was only saved by a matter of 11 votes, according to unofficial returns.

**Shoots Self By Accident**

Spirit River, Alta.—George Clarke, Hudson's Hope farmer, while blazing a trap line for the winter, accidentally shot and killed himself, his rifle exploding when he was mounting his horse.

**Court-Martial for U.S. Officers**

Washington.—A court-martial has been ordered to try 11 naval officers who were on duty with the destroyer squadron wrecked at Point Honda, Calif., on September 8.


GARGLE

With Minard's in water several times a day for colds in throat. For colds in head inhale.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT


**This Mild Climate**

Yorkton.—Sunday, October 21, H. N. Louth was picking strawberries from his garden, and Mrs. R. Denovan was gathering sweet corn. There are still flowers in abundance in many gardens in the city.

**Dry Agents For Breweries**

Washington, D.C.—Consideration is being given by the Treasury Department to expansion of its prohibition enforcement programme to include the placing of a dry agent in every brewery in the country.

## FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

## "LITTLE FOXES," By E. A. Henry, D.D.

**Interesting Stories For Young Folks**

Published By Permission Thomas Allen, Publisher

### "I DON'T CARE

That is one of the worst of all foxes, with a very sharp tooth.

A horse lost a shoe once, and the owner did not care. And some one wrote this verse—

"For want of a shoe a horse was lost,
For want of a horse a rider was lost,
For want of a rider a battle was lost,
And all for want of a shoe."

When I was a student at Toronto University, there took place one February night the great fire that became a college date, and practically helped to end the life of President Sir Daniel Wilson, who saw the building of his life's labour go up in smoke.

It was the great social night of the college year. There were no electric lights in those days, and lamps were used. The building was gaily decorated with evergreens and bunting.

A college servant came down the east stair with a tray of lamps, and making a careless step, he stumbled, and the blazing oil started a fire, which, fanned by the air pouring down the great windows, soon destroyed the great building. It all came from a careless step.

Just think of a tailor who goes around with his pant legs down over his heels and the edges all frayed, and a pair of dirty cuffs down over his wrists—what a poor advertisement for his trade and all because he does not care.

And you have a trade, too! Your business is to show every other girl and boy what a girl and boy ought to be; and if you don't care, then you can't show them anything except what they should not be. They should not be like you.

Or think of a girl or boy who is always making a mess of things.

They fail in school, and they grieve their parents, and they are no use to anybody. They get into trouble, and they get others into trouble. They miss the mark and are getting nowhere; and worse than all, they blind their eyes and close their ears. They simply do not care!

A young fellow once went mountain climbing; and I think he thought he was pretty sure-footed. Anyhow, he would take no advice as to dangerous places or how to watch his step, and one careless moment he stepped into a great crack in the ice called a crevasse, and it was twenty years before they found his body, after the slowly moving glacier brought it down to the place where the warmer regions broke off the edges of the ice!

And life has a lot of danger spots too; and it needs care in the step, and to say you don't care may land you some time in disaster.

In fact, if that spirit stays, I do not see how any one can escape disaster.

"I don't care!"—What does that mean?

It means you would just as soon see things go down as up!

You think it makes no difference. But it does!

It means you shut your eyes and let things go!

Some great preacher tells of the wonders of the eyelids. They act so quickly and they can shut out so much if closed;—all the glory of the heavens; the wonders of the mountains and sea! the books of a library; the great world of people;—all shut out by closing the eyes!

You can shut your eyes if you like—and when you say, "I don't care!" that is what you do. You shut your eyes.

If you keep them shut long enough, you will go blind!

You don't want to be blind, do you? Then do not say, "I don't care!" Instead of that, Care.

Be careful—full of care!


Mother and Her Baby Are Relieved of Eczema



Mrs. Peter A. Palmer, Salt Burn, Sask., writes:

"Dr. Chase's Ointment has completely relieved me of eczema and piles. I also used this Ointment for my baby, who broke out in eczema. A few applications were all that was necessary in her case. Dr. Chase's Ointment has been worth a hundred dollars to me—before using it I had spent a great deal more than that in unsuccessful treatment from doctors. We have also used Dr. Chase's other medicines, the Nerve Food having restored my health after suffering from severe nerve trouble when a girl."

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

60 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

## Prohibition Meeting.

A good-sized crowd of temperance people gathered in the Town Hall Thursday evening last, and listened to two excellent addresses on the benefits of Prohibition, given by Messrs Elmer Roper and Williams of Edmonton. In the absence of Dr Oatway, the chair was taken by Mr Hollinshead.

The speakers covered the same ground as is usual in dealing with this question, and also gave a comprehensive resume of facts and figures proving their case.

## Inga Meeting Postponed.

At the last regular meeting of the Councillors of Inga M. D. Messrs Tattersall and Shaw were appointed official delegates to attend the Alberta Association of Municipal Districts Convention to be held in Edmonton October 31, Nov. 1 & 2. The Councillors were therefore obliged to postpone the regular meeting to the second Friday, the 9th.

The Inspector recently appointed under the Mothers' Aid Act has been making the rounds of the District, inquiring into the status of those receiving aid, and several new applicants for same.


DR. R. M. OATWAY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Residence and Office, opp. G. T. P. Station. Phone 11.

DR. R. A. WALTON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Kelly's Store. Phone 1.

DRS. CAIRNS & McCORD,
10229 99th St., Edmonton, Alta.
Reliable Veterinary Surgeons.
Will make calls to Stony Plain.
Phones 2811—1235—2880.

**FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.**

FRESH AND CURED MEATS
POULTRY IN SEASON.
CASH PAID FOR HOGS CATTLE, CALVES, HIDES AND POULTRY.

**GUS ZUCHT.**

**SUITS & OVERCOATS**
Made to Your Measure.
FURS REPAIRED.
Fall and Winter Samples and Styles now in.
CLEANING, PRESSING, REPAIRING, DYEING.
**PAUL WERNER**
Agency Rex Tailoring Co.

**WANTED!**
TWENTY COWS, TO FRESHEN SOON.
Bring your Hogs in Thursdays and get Top Price.
**Meredith Bros.,**
PHONE FIVE-ONE.

**Trapp's Bake Shop.**
RYE and WHITE BREAD FRESH EVERY DAY.
Three Loaves Bread 25c.
Bakery, Confectionery, Groceries.
**PHLIP TRAPP.**


TOWN OF STONY PLAIN.

## Bylaw No. 93.

A Bylaw to provide for borrowing by way of debenture the sum of Fifteen Hundred ($1500.00) Dollars for the purpose of building a Curling Rink and Open Air Skating Rink in the Town of Stony Plain.

WHEREAS it is desirable to build a Curling Rink and Open Air Skating Rink in the Town of Stony Plain on the Agricultural Grounds owned by the Town of Stony Plain;

AND WHEREAS the total cost for the said purpose is estimated to be the sum of Fifteen Hundred ($1500.00) Dollars, which said sum is the amount of debt created by this bylaw;

AND WHEREAS it is desirable to provide for the cost of same by the issue of debentures and to pass a bylaw therefor;

AND WHEREAS the whole amount of said indebtedness of said debenture is to be paid in annual installments during ten years next after the time when the same are issued and the respective amount of principal and interest payable each year shall be sufficient to pay off the debentures in full at the end of ten years;

AND WHEREAS the total amount of the existing debenture debt of said Municipality is $1350.00 being Local Improvement debentures, no part of which either for principal or interest is in arrears;

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property in the Town of Stony Plain according to the last revised assessment roll of said Municipality is $81,405.00;

THEREFOR the Council of the Town of Stony Plain duly assembled Enacts as follows;

1. This Bylaw shall take effect on the final passing thereof;

2. That debentures of the Town of Stony Plain to the amount of Fifteen Hundred ($1500.00) Dollars be issued for the purpose aforesaid and that such debentures bear interest at the rate of seven per centum per annum payable in annual equal installments during ten years next after the time when the same are issued and the respective amount of principal and interest payable each year shall be sufficient to pay off the debentures in full at the end of ten years, the debentures shall bi payable at the Canadian Bank of Commerce in the Town of Stony Plain, and shall be in denominations of $100.00 each.

3. That the said Debentures and all Coupons thereof seall be signed by the Mayor and Secretary-treasurer of the Town of Stony Plain and such debentures shall be sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Town of Stony Plain;

4. During the ten years of the currency of the debentures the sum of $213.57 shall be raised annually for the payment of the said installments of principal and interest by a sufficient special General rate on all the rateable property in the Town of Stony Plain.

5. That the said Debentures be sold and the proceeds thereof be expended in or towards the construction of the said works.

6. The Vote of the Burgesses duly qualified to vote on this bylaw shall be taken on FRIDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1923, at The Town Hall, Stony Plain, from the hour of Ten O'Clock in the forenoon, till the hour of Sour O'Clock on the afternoon of the same day.

7. That F. W. Lundy, Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of Stony Plain, shall be the Returning Officer to take and receive the said Votes.

8. The Returning Officer shall at F. W. Landy's Office, Stony Plain, on SATURDAY, the Tenth Day of Novhmber, 1923, sum up the Number of Votes for or against this Bylaw and declare the result thereof.

Read a First and Second time and passed provisionally in Council this Fifteenth day of October, 1923.

F. CORMACK,
Mayor.
F. W. LUNDY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

NOTICE.

The foregoing is a true Copy of a proposed Bylaw which has been introduced and provisionally passed by His Worship the Mayor and Council of the Town of Stony Plain and which will be finally passed by His Worship the Mayor and Council in the event of the assent of the Burgesses being obtained thereto, which said date is Friday, the Ninth Day of November, 1923, and the place and time for voting will be at the Town Hall, Stony Plain, from the hour of Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon till the hour of Seven o'Clock in the Afternoon of the same day; of which all persons are hereby required to take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

DATED at the Town of Stony Plain, Alberta, this Sixteenth Day of October, 1923.

F. W. LUNDY,
Returning Officer.


**Stony Plain Bus Service**
Willys-Knight-8 Touring Car.
V. L. Kellough, Prop. Phone 23825
Leave Edmonton P. O.—
8 a.m. and 5 p.m.
Leave Stony Plain—
10 a.m. and 7 p.m.
Sunday—Leave Edmonton 5 p.m.
Leave Stony 7 p.m.
Stops made at Spruce Grove.

TO RENT—Two large bedrooms, extra large living room, and kitchen. Apply as the L Freifeld Department Store. 67

LOST—Bay Horse, 4 years, no brand, hind legs white. Mike Jakimwa, Carvel P.O. 169

FARM cheap for quick sale. 160 acres. See Mrs Gneiting or L Zilliox. 68

**New Butcher Shop.**
Opposite the Royal Hotel,
We buy Cattle Chickens Butter, Eggs and Hides.
Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meats.
**MRS. F. HORN.**
Phone 5.


# What Prohibitionists Think about Government Control.

In 1920, when the Prohibitionists wanted us to abolish further importations of liquor into the Province, so as to give a better chance for their experiment to work out, this is the "AD" they ran:

## "THE BOOTLEGGER,

What shall we do about him? The enormous prices he bleeds his victims for, make it worth while for him to take the risks, and bring law and order into disrespect.

## THE REMEDY.

Vote control of the Liquor Traffic under our own Provincial Government. Have our own Vendors only, handle all intoxicants, dispensing **Pure Liquor in sealed packages at fair prices.** That will take the profit out of the Bootleggers' business and he will fade away. Let's do this. Vote "YES" and do it right.

**Inserted by the Social Service League.**

THEY ARE ALL FOR "D" or else they are convicted of slippery tactics and Extraordinary Insincerity.

DON'T BE FOOLED THIS TIME BY THEM.

**Vote "D" 1 and make it FIFTY THOUSAND Majority!**

**Election Day, Monday, November 5th.**

**Moderation League of Alberta, Edmonton Branch**

# Liquor Referendum

## NOTICE TO VOTERS

**Instructions to Voters as to Method of Marking the Preferential Ballot to be used in the Liquor Referendum in Alberta on Monday, November 5, 1923.**

Issued Under the Authority of the Government of Alberta.

**THE BALLOT.**

| | |
|---|---|
| **(a) Prohibition---** Meaning thereby, a continuance and development of the present Liquor Legislation; that is, meaning the Abolition of the Sale of all Liquors excepting for strictly Medicinal, Sacramental, Manufacturing and Scientific Purposes. | |
| **(b) Licensed Sale of Beer---** Meaning thereby, the Sale of Beer in Licensed Hotels and other Premises, as provided in the proposed Temperance Act. | |
| **c) Government Sale of Beer---** Meaning thereby, the Sale of Beer by or through Government Vendors for consumption in Private Residences under Government Control and Regulation—other Liquors to be sold through Doctor's Prescription for Medicinal Purposes. | |
| **d) Government Sale of All Liquors---** Meaning thereby, the sale of all Liquors by or thru Government Vendors. Beer to be consumed on Licensed Premises and in Private Residences. Wines and Spirits to be purchased in limited quantities under permit issued by the Government, under Government Control and Regulation. | |

### INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS.

The Voter MUST NOT use the X mark. He should mark the figure 1 opposite the question he wishes to become law. He should then mark the figure 2 opposite the question he would select as second choice, the figure 3 opposite his third choice, the figure 4 opposite his fourth choice. He must make no other mark on the ballot. The Voter may "plump" for one question alone, using the figure 1, without spoiling his ballot, or he may vote for only two or only three choices.

Voters are urged, however, to vote the full extent of their four choices. There is always the possibility that the question of his first choice will not carry. In that case he should have a second choice, and a third choice and a fourth choice. Only by marking the full number of choices does the voter obtain the full benefit of the preferential ballot, and the government obtain a complete expression of the opinion of the people.





## New Island Discovered

**Was Hidden By Eighty-Foot Iceberg In Arctic**

The Norwegian, Captain Viktor Arnesen, who has just returned from the Arctic region, claims to have discovered an island, twelve English miles in circumference, near Franz Joseph's Land, in latitude 80 degrees 40 minutes. It was previously hidden by an iceberg between 70 and 80 feet high, which has melted. This shows the exceptional nature of recent thawing in the Arctic.


## Baby Cutting Teeth Was Very Sick With Diarrhoea

When the baby starts to cut its teeth, especially during the hot weather, then is the time that the poor mother is under the stress and strain of great anxiety.

There is no remedy so safe and effectual for the teething complaints of infants, as is Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, no remedy that has had the endorsation of so many Canadian mothers during the past 78 years it has been on the market.

Mrs. C. W. Myers, Clanwilliam, Man., writes:—"My baby girl was very sick with diarrhoea when she was cutting her teeth. I tried several different remedies, but nothing did her any good. She was getting worse when my mother sent me out a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I gave her a few doses and the next day she was much better, and in a couple more days she was as well as ever.

Now, I always keep 'Dr. Fowler's' in the house and recommend it to all those troubled with diarrhoea."

Price 50c a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.


**Castle For Mussolini**

Premier Mussolini of Italy is to be presented with a feudal castle one which looks down from a neighboring hill upon the modest dwelling in which Italy's present premier was born. The gift is to be made through popular subscription among the inhabitants of Romagna, the commune in which his birthplace is situated.


**Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain**


Considering that the population of the United States is made up of virtually all nationalities, it is a surprising fact that only two presidents have borne other than British surnames. These are both Dutch, Van Durren and Roosevelt.


## Constipation Is Relieved

**Prompt—Permanent—Relief**

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** rarely fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver.

Relieve after dinner distress — relieve indigestion; improve the complexion—brighten the eyes.




Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

W. N. U. 1496


## Trafalgar Day Commemorated

**Floral Tributes Sent From All Parts Of World**

The traditional pilgrimage to the Nelson column in Trafalgar Square, London, marked the Trafalgar anniversary Oct. 21. Large numbers of people, including parties of boy scouts and girl guides passed around the column inspecting the numerous floral tributes from all parts of the world, including two large laurel wreaths from French and Spanish sailors and a full-sized anchor of laurel leaves mounted with Flanders poppies from the British Legion and branches of the Navy League.

Quebec, Capetown, New Zealand, South Africa and other parts of the dominions sent tributes and wreaths. The high commissioners of the dominions sent beautiful floral tributes, the Newfoundland representative contributing a model of H.M.S. Victory worked in flowers and flying Nelson's famous signal.


## Listless, Tired Women Quickly Restored

**Headaches and Depression Pass Away When System is Regulated**

**Must Overcome Constipation**

No other remedy acts as quickly on tired women as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They cleanse, regulate and tone the system, appetite sharpens up, headaches disappear, strength and buoyant spirits return. To feel good, to be your own self again, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills frequently. 25c at all dealers.


## League Asks Nations To Protect Scientists

**Assembly at Geneva Urged Protection Of Inventors and Discoverers**

That scientists who make discoveries of benefit to humanity should no longer be robbed of the material fruits of their labor, was the decision of the League of Nations commission on social problems in a report given to the General Assembly of the League recently held at Geneva.

A resolution was adopted urging all countries to protect the property rights of the savants whose discoveries or inventions have often brought fortunes to promoters but only poverty to scientists.


**An Oil of Merit.**—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is not a jumble of medicinal substances thrown together and pushed by advertising, but the result of the careful investigation of the healing qualities of certain oils as applied to the human body. It is a rare combination and it won and kept public favor from the first. A trial of it will carry conviction to any who doubt its power to repair and heal.


Flax is the oldest of all cultivated fibre plants, and until the growth of the cotton industry in the United States superseded it, it was by far the most important of all the world's fibre crops.


**Relieves Asthma at Little Expense.** Thousands of dollars have been vainly spent upon remedies for asthma and seldom, if ever, with any relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, despite its assurance of benefit, costs so little that it is within reach of all. It is the national remedy for asthma, far removed from the class of doubtful and experimental preparations. Your dealer can supply it.


**Have Some Self-Respect**

"What is the best way to eat corn off the cob?"

"As if company were present."


No need to suffer with corns, or to run the risk of paring them. Remove them surely and painlessly with Holloway's Corn Remover.


**Good Yields Everywhere**

The final crop report of the Bank of Montreal for this season, summing up the results obtained in the various provinces of the Dominion, makes encouraging reading. It shows that despite the lateness of the season, yields that must be considered as satisfactory have been harvested in nearly all the districts throughout the Dominion. The prairie provinces as a whole, show increases in the amount of all grains harvested, as compared with last year.

No train of thought should be allowed to run wild.

Licorice is said to be the world's oldest confection.


**Minard's Liniment for Dandruff**



## Women Can Dye Any Garment, Drapery

**Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 Cents**

Diamond Dyes

Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.


## The Queen As Secretary

**Spends Considerable Time Assisting King With Office Duties**

The King's "office" labors are materially helped by the Queen; until recently the Princess Mary, too, assisted. Before marriage, the Princess Mary did a great deal of secretarial work of a private nature for her Royal father, and to this end endured the labor of learning shorthand and typewriting. Since she left the Palace the Queen has each morning devoted some time to assisting in scrutiny of household accounts, and particularly in examining correspondence from women who appeal for help on the grounds of financial distress. There never has been before in history the spectacle of a monarch and his consort working together in what may be truly called their "office," situated in the heart of a palace.


## End Stomach Misery, Gas Or Indigestion

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gases, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages of Pape's Diapepsin.


## Excellent Christmas Service To The Old Country

The Canadian Pacific have made available a fleet of superb steamships and an unusual number of sailings for Christmas travel to the Old Country. In connection with these sailings special tourist sleepers are being operated from Edmonton, Saskatoon, Calgary, Moose Jaw, Regina and Winnipeg, direct to the ship's side at West St. John, thus giving a through service with the only change or transfer being from train to steamer.

The December sailings for which these cars will be operated are: S.S. "Montclaire," December 7th, to Liverpool; S.S. "Melita," December 12th, to Southampton; S.S. "Montcalm," December 14th, to Liverpool; and S.S. "Marloch," December 15th, to Glasgow.

In addition to the through tourist sleepers, a special train will also be operated for the sailing of the S.S. "Montcalm," December 14th. This train will leave Winnipeg 9.50 a.m. Tuesday, December 11th. Special cars from western points will be attached to this train for operation through.

Booking should be arranged early in order to secure the best accommodation, and any Canadian Pacific Agent can make full arrangements. 32-23

Don't make yourself common; the world only sits up and takes notice of the uncommon.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

**Is This a Record?**

William C. Borrett, Dartmouth, Halifax, believes he broke all amateur radio distance records when, on his homemade set he listened in on amateur station No. 6 BCL at Monterey, Cal., calling station 6 BSI at San Francisco.

**Western Canada Flour**

Western Canadian flour is in such great demand in the east and overseas that the Canadian Pacific Railway, operating a line of its own steamers in carrying flour, has been compelled to charter the steamer of another company to assist in the rush.


Catarrh—SCOTT'S EMULSION increases resistance


## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Wireless stations at Dawson and Mayo have been opened to business.

France is to experiment with the importation of halibut direct from Prince Rupert.

An agreement has been reached with the Greek Government for the consolidation of the $8,000,000 post-war debt of that country to Canada.

Patrick Beston, guard at the Portsmouth Penitentiary, Kingston, was fined $100 or three months in jail for carrying out a letter for a convict.

The city directory for 1923, gives Saskatoon a population of 35,021, nearly ten thousand greater than the last Dominion census.

J. E. Featherston, Secretary to the Minister of the Interior, has been appointed Canadian immigration commissioner at Hong Kong under the Chinese Immigration Act.

A million dollars is needed by the Salvation Army for the erection of hospitals and other public service buildings in Western Canada.


**Ready-made Medicine.**—You need no physician for ordinary ills when you have at hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. For coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchial troubles, it is invaluable; for scalds, burns, bruises, sprains it is unsurpassed; while for cuts, sores and the like it is an unquestionable healer. It needs no testimonial other than the use, and that will satisfy anyone as to its effectiveness.


**Mark Twain's Home Burned**

The beautiful Italian villa, Stormfield, which was the home of Mark Twain in the days of his fame and prosperity, and where he died, was recently burned to the ground at a loss estimated to exceed $100,000. Many of the furnishings and bric-a-brac accumulated by Mark Twain on the trip to Europe which he made famous by his inimitably funny "Innocents Abroad," were destroyed by the blaze.


## THE CAUSE OF SICKNESS

**Almost Always Due to Weak and Impoverished Blood.**

Apart from accident or illness due to infection, almost all ill-health arises from one or two reasons. The mistake that people make is in not realising that both of these have the same cause at the root, namely poor blood. Either bloodlessness or some other trouble of the nerves will be found to be the reason for almost every ailment. If you are pale, suffering from headaches, or breathlessness, with palpitation of the heart, poor appetite and weak digestion, the cause is almost always poor blood. If you have nervous headaches, neuralgia, sciatica and other nerve pains, the cause is exhausted nerves. But run-down nerves are also a result of poor blood, so that the two chief causes of illness are one and the same.

If your health is poor; if you are pale, nervous or dyspeptic, you should give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. These pills act directly on the blood, and by enriching it give new strength to worn out nerves. Men and women alike greatly benefit through the use of this medicine. If you are weak or ailing, give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and you will be pleased with the beneficial results that will speedily follow.

If your dealer does not keep these pills you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.


**Some Other Cause Working**

When, on a certain predetermined day and hour, the price of coal everywhere advances fifty cents on the ton, we know that supply and demand has had little to with it. There is nothing instantaneous about that great economic law. It diffuses an infinite variety and gradation of values, it is seldom a landslider.—From Capper's Weekly.


**Minard's Liniment for Coughs**


## For Young Folks

A series of interesting stories for young folks, written by Dr. E. A. Henry, of Toronto, is appearing in this paper under the caption of "Little Foxes." Couched in a plain, easily understood style, they will make a strong appeal to the youthful mind, and will be found helpful in character building.

A pearl discovered in fresh water mussel in the River Conway, North Wales, is said to form one of the crown jewels.


**Minard's Liniment for Distemper**



## A SURGERY IN A TWO-INCH BOX




*Unequalled For SKIN TROUBLES*

## WRIGLEY'S



Take it home to the kids

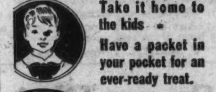
Have a packet in your pocket for an ever-ready treat.

After Every Meal

A delicious confection and an aid to the teeth, appetite, digestion.



Sealed in its Purity Package





## Relics of Ancient Race

**American Doctor Claims Bones Are 80,000 Years Old**

Bones and other relics of a race of men believed to have lived approximately 80,000 years ago have been unearthed in Southwest France by Dr. Henry U. Hall, of the University of Pennsylvania Museum. Dr. Hall, who has returned from Europe, said the race was only a step above the animal.

"They lived in a Palaeolithic or Old Stone Age and used crude, unpolished flint implements," he said. "The relics I found were in a clay bank at the foot of a hill. They probably had been washed down from an escarpment, where there probably had been a settlement."

In addition to the human bones, Dr. Hall said that he also unearthed the bones of animals, evidently killed by the prehistoric man. He said the human bones resembled those of the Neanderthal type.

You'll never get anywhere unless you make a start somewhere.

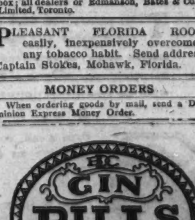
The first successful cable across the Atlantic was laid 72 years ago.


**ECZEMA** You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritation. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

PLEASANT FLORIDA ROOT easily, inexpensively overcomes any tobacco habit. Send address Captain Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.

**MONEY ORDERS**

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.



# Keep Your Feet Dry.

+++

SHOES, RUBBERS,

and all other kinds of Footwear for the Whole Family.

Big Stocks to choose from at Moderate Prices.

+++

# J. MILLER.



GET IT AT—

# Atlas Lumber Co., Limited

STONY PLAIN.

Get your Coal Supply now for the cold weather and save money. Don't forget to call on us for Lumber. We have everything that's needed in the Building Line.

We have anything beat in the history of Stony Plain.

Any Estimate, small or large, all handled alike. We give you the best price and prompt service.

V. MOHR, Local Manager. An Old-Timer.



# Stony Plain Garage.

+++

FORD SERVICE STATION.

+++

Have Generators advanced for higher charging in cold weather.

Have your Battery charged to stand the cold.

Have your oil flushed and filled with winter oil. Have your gas. line and carburetors cleaned.

Then you will not have to curse your car for not starting when you want it. DO IT NOW.

+++

# John H. Miller. Phone 38.





## You Value Most What You Work to Keep

THE money you work for and save will mean more and more to you as you see the figures in your Bank-Book gradually mounting up. Open a Savings Account with us and keep depositing steadily.

If a letter is more convenient than a call, you can open and maintain an account with us by mail.

D. McDONALD, Manager.
Stony Plain Branch.

## BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years


### Stony Plain and District.

Mrs Dr. Smythe, Medicine Hat, is visiting her brother, Mr Murd McKinlay.

Mrs Pfeifer has re-opened her dining room on Main St. opposite the Royal Hotel, and is serving meals three times a day.

Dinna forget the dance at Comet Schoolhouse on Friday, November 9.

Mr Coyes of Lakemere district is undergoing treatment in an Edmonton hospital.

On Monday next Spruce Grove M.D. Councillors meet at the Municipal Hall at Spruce Grove.

Miss Schindler, Glory Hills, lost a valuable dog last week, thru having it shot by a neighbor.

On Sunday, October 28, at Glory Hills, to Mr. and Mrs Will Becker, a son.

A good crowd of dancers patronised the good dance given Friday night at the W C Williams, at Holborn, and enjoyed themselves to the strains of the good music. Stony was well represented.

One Big Night, tomorrow night, in Ducholke's Hall, Hallowe'en Party, auspices of the Women's Institute; admission free.

On Monday last, while Mr Heichel of Golden Spike was hauling grain to town, one of his horses took sick when opposite Geo Ducholke's farm and died shortly after.

On Saturday afternoon last Mr Tony Tyrkola had a finger cut off while operating his separator on a neighbor's farm near Carvel. He was taken to Stony Plain, where his injuries were attended to by Dr Walton.

Applications are coming in thick and fast from seed growers of the province to have their registered seed handled thru the Provincial Government seed plant at Edmonton this fall. To date about 60 growers have sent in applications.

M Mecklenberg, the eyesight specialist, will be at Royal Hotel, Saturday, Nov. 3.

### Stony Plain W. I.

The Women's Institute held their regular monthly meeting on Wednesday, Oct. 24, at the home of Mrs Willie, with the Pres., Mrs R M Oatway, in the chair, and 11 members present.

The meeting opened with singing. "The Old Oaken Bucket," after which the Sec. read the minutes of the last meeting. After the usual business Mrs Gates read her splendid paper on "The Training of Girls."

Delightful refreshments were served by Mrs Willie and Mrs Wood, after which the meeting adjourned after singing the National Anthem.


# DANCE!

Comet Schoolhouse,

FRIDAY, OCT. 9.

BARTH'S ORCHESTRA.
EVERYBODY WELCOME!
Ladies, Please Bring Baskets.


FOR RENT — Willis (Duke of Connaught) Piano for 6 months; must have best of care. Violet Barrie, Edmonton Beach.

### The Market Report

WHEAT.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 Northern | .70 |
| No. 2 | .65 |
| No. 3 | .60 |
| No. 4 | .53 |

OATS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 C. W. | 0.27 |
| 3 C. W. | .25 |
| Extra 1 Feed | .25 |
| No. 1 Feed | .22 |
| No. 2 Feed | .19 |

BARLEY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 3 | 0.31 |
| No. 4 | .27 |
| Feed | .23 |
| Rejected | .16 |

RYE.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 2 | .43 |

### On the Coming Vote.

Dear Mr. Editor: I was somewhat amazed to read in the last issue of your estimable paper the lurid statement from the office of the Publicity committee of the Moderation League. This last statement is as absurd as the several others which have appeared from time to time; and itself is an epitome of untruthfulness.

The Moderation League say—"We know what the towns and cities of Alberta think of the effectiveness of Alberta. One word covers it, Failure."

A daring statement, born I would say from a direct attempt to broadcast a lie, or from unadulterated ignorance. The Moderationists are making full use of the suggestion that Prohibition has failed. But I challenge any Moderationist to prove that our province has suffered one iota under prohibition law. To say prohibition has failed is to be blind to facts; and everyone with any regard for the truth must admit that our towns, cities and villages have benefited under the administration of the Prohibition law. If some of our Moderation friends would contribute a better type of citizenship in the endeavor to respect the laws of our country there would be less talk about their ineffectiveness. The Moderation League suggest that as a "sane alternative" citizens should vote for Clause D and Govt. control. May I refer to the Edmonton Journal of Oct. 25:

Before the existing system was adopted in B. C. 3 years ago, the Moderation League there in presenting its case for the proposed change used this language, "Government control will ensure the sale of liquor of pure quality and at local centres in quantities consistent with moderation and temperance. The trade known as bootlegging will cease because it will be profitable no longer. It will be unnecessary for anyone under a system of Govt. control to attempt to evade the law as many thousands are doing today."

And from facts to hand, bootlegging still continues in B.C. and is a far greater evil, and Govt. control in that province is a tragedy and a disgrace. If we believe in progress and temperance, vote I opposite clause A and help keep Alberta dry. I thank you.

FRED E. WILSON.

## Here and There

In order to handle the grain that fall the Fort William, Ont. force of 360 elevator men will be increased to 700. From 120 to 150 grain trimmers will be employed.

For the five months to August, 1923, Canadian newsprint exports were valued at $35,303,043 against $27,257,382 for the same period in 1922. Pulp exports in the same period were valued at $20,908,461 against $16,076,533.

Grain loading on Canadian Pacific lines during the month of September totalled 26,376 cars or 38,246,300 bushels. This at the beginning of the loading season which was two weeks late this year on account of the retarded harvest.

This has been the greatest season for automobile tourists Montreal has ever experienced, according to the Secretary of the Automobile Club of Canada. Cars, he stated, had come into the city over the King Edward Highway at the rate of two hundred a day, an unusual number from California, Florida, Carolina and Virginia being noticeable.

There was nearly $160,000,000 increase in the total trade of Canada for the first five months of the current fiscal year, according to a return made by the Department of Customs and Excise. The total trade of the Dominion, according to the return, for the five months ending with August, was $785,000,000, as against $626,000,000 during the same period a year ago. Imports during the period were about $393,000,000, as against $303,000,000 a year ago, while exports of Canadian produce rose from $316,000,000 approximately to $386,000,000.

There is a heavy demand for bushmen, according to the Government Labor Bureau at Montreal. The big lumber companies have been engaging men for the bush, and the prospects are that the demand will be sufficient to make fall and winter conditions good. Wages paid this year by the lumber companies are higher than last year, the rates paid being $40 and $45 a month, whereas a year ago the schedule was down to $26 a month.

With the completion of the harbor works now in progress, Montreal will be in a much better position in 1924 to handle a record flow of grain than ever before. Windmill Point elevator will be increased by 1,250,000 bushels storage capacity, making its total capacity 3,250,000. Four additional shipping berths are being provided at this elevator and will be in commission early next month, and the elevator's loading capacity will be increased from 50,000 to 90,000 bushels an hour.

Reports to the Canadian Pacific Railway, show that there arrived at Winnipeg from the British Isles this year for the purpose of working on the harvest, 11,823 men. Special efforts are being made to find occupation for as many as possible to cover the winter period, and it is stated that it is now probable that a considerable number of these harvesters from Great Britain and the Irish Free State will remain in the Dominion.

Addressing a recent meeting of the Vancouver Board of Trade, President E. W. Beatty, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, announced that the company proposed immediately to add two large modern steamers to its coast fleet in order to take care of increasing tourist traffic over the company's coastal lines. He also announced the early completion of a new pier at this harbor at a cost of several millions, which has been made necessary by the steady development of Canada's trans-Pacific trade.


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